

```
# Lets us consider we have Forward speed module -1,2,3,4,5 and backward module-6, now consider them as vectors and arrange on matrix
```

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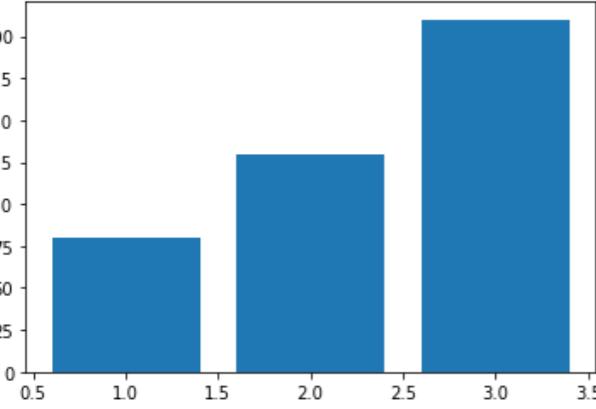
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```
In [ ]:  
arr1=np.array(([1,1],[1,2],[1,3],[1,4],[1,5]))
```

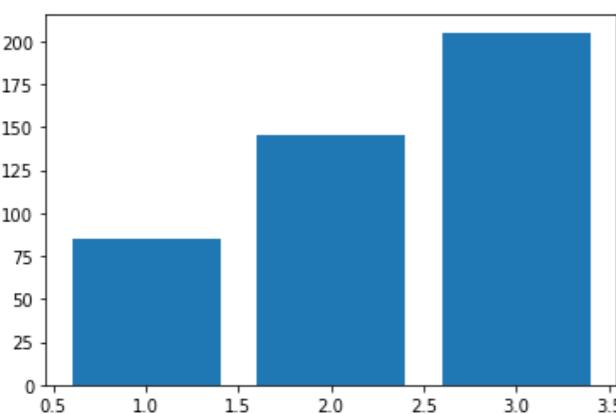
```
In [1]:  
import numpy as np  
  
In [4]:  
# now we need to calculate 5 paramaters here because in arr1 is 5dimensions,
```

```
In [5]:  
a=[1,2,3]  
b=[80,130,210]  
plt.bar(a,b)  
plt.show()
```



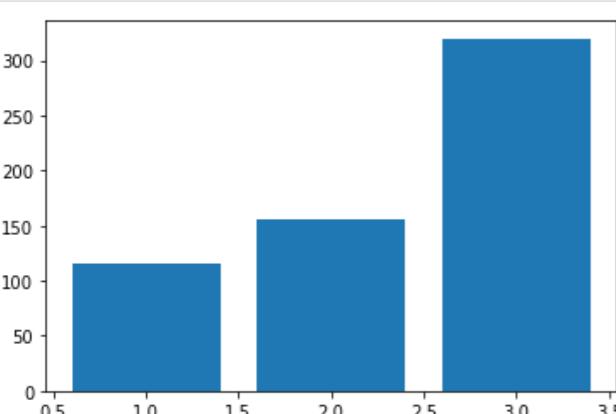
```
In [ ]:  
# hence we have plotted first parameter b=[80,130,210] on graph for data visualisation, now consider second parameter,
```

```
In [6]:  
c=[1,2,3]  
d=[85,145,205]  
plt.bar(c,d)  
plt.show()
```



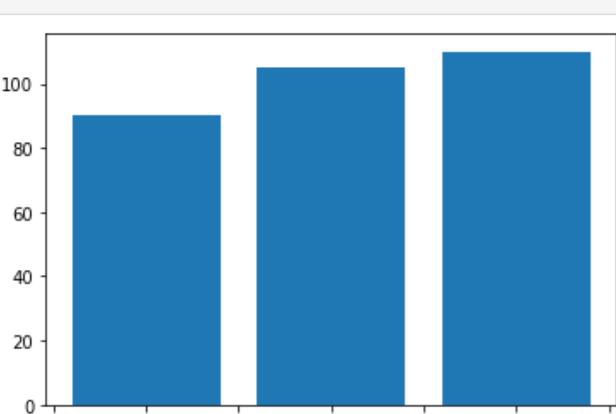
```
In [ ]:  
# hence we have plotted second parameter d=[85,145,205] on graph for data visualisation to machine now consider third parameter
```

```
In [7]:  
e=[1,2,3]  
f=[115,155,320]  
plt.bar(e,f)  
plt.show()
```



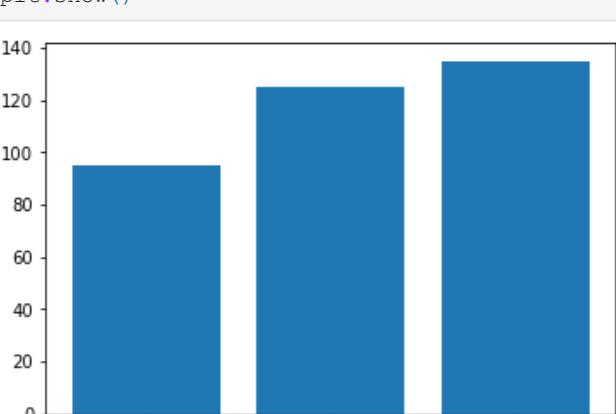
```
In [ ]:  
# hence we have plotted 3rd parameter f=[115,155,320] on graph for data visualisation, now consider 4th parameter
```

```
In [8]:  
g=[1,2,3]  
h=[90,105,110]  
plt.bar(g,h)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:  
# hence we have calculated forth parameter, now consider 5th parameter
```

```
In [9]:  
i=[1,2,3]  
j=[95,125,135]  
plt.bar(i,j)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:  
# hence we calculated 5 parameters, now apply machine prediction formula - data matrix * parameters, (before arrange all parameters on matrix)
```

```
In [10]:  
arr2=np.array(([80,130,210],[85,145,205],[115,155,320],[90,105,110],[95,125,135]))
```

```
In [11]:  
arr2
```

```
Out[11]:  
array([[ 80, 130, 210],  
       [ 85, 145, 205],  
       [115, 155, 320],  
       [ 90, 105, 110],  
       [ 95, 125, 135]])
```

```
In [ ]:
```

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```
In [2]: import sympy as smp
from sympy import *

In [3]: x,y = smp.symbols('x y')

In [4]: x**2+y

Out[4]: $\displaystyle x^2 + y$

In [5]: smp.sin(x)

Out[5]: $\displaystyle \sin(x)$

In [6]: smp.diff((x),x)

Out[6]: $\displaystyle 1$


In [9]: smp.diff(((1+smp.sin(x)))/(1-smp.cos(x))**2,x)

Out[9]: $\displaystyle \frac{\cos(x)}{(1 - \cos(x))^2} - \frac{2 \sin(x)}{(1 - \cos(x))^3}$

In [10]: smp.integrate(smp.csc(x)*smp.cot(x),x)

Out[10]: $-\frac{1}{\sin(x)}

In [11]: smp.integrate(4*smp.sec(3*x)*smp.tan(3*x),x)

Out[11]: $\displaystyle \frac{4}{3} \cos(3x)$

In [ ]: 2/smp.sqrt(1-x**2)-1/x**smp.Rational(1,)
```

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```
In [ ]: # Let consider rate of change of position of Cam with respect to seconds of time during
```

```
In [4]: import sympy as smp
from sympy import *
```

```
In [5]: x,y = smp.symbols('x y')
```

```
In [6]: smp.diff(x)
```

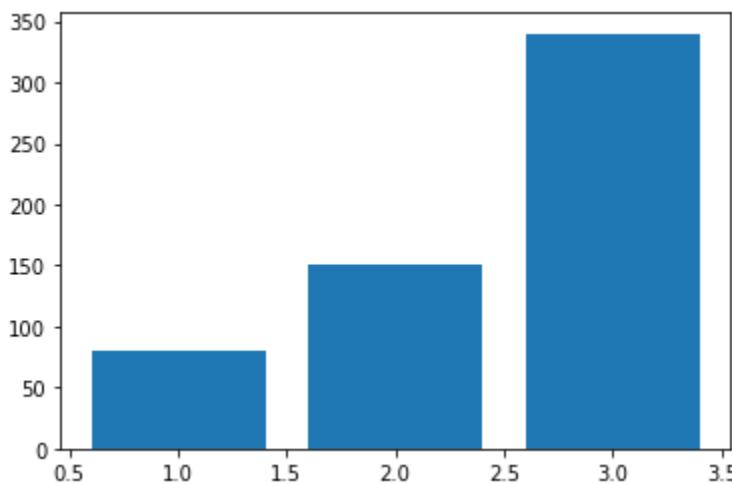
```
Out[6]: $ \displaystyle 1$
```

```
In [ ]: # let us calculate atleast 3 hypothesis for machine learning, h=[h1+h2+h3. .... nth],
```

```
In [7]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [10]: a=[1,2,3]
b=[80,150,340]
plt.bar(a,b)
plt.show
```

```
Out[10]: <function matplotlib.pyplot.show(close=None, block=None)>
```

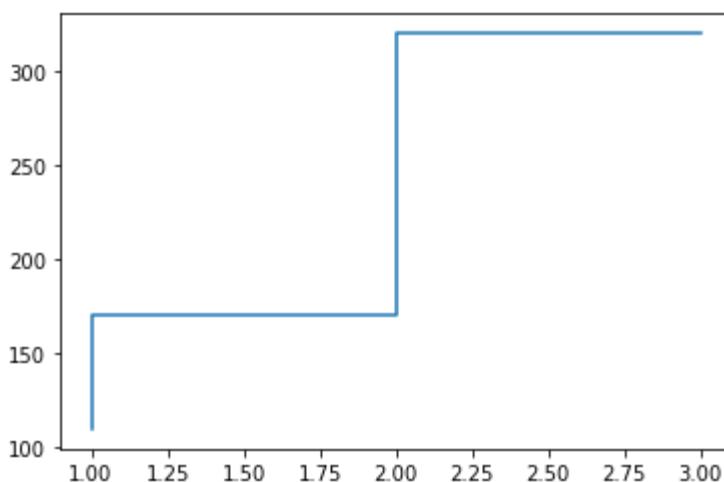


```
In [ ]: # hence we got first set of parameters=80,150,340 plotted successfully on machine for da
```

```
In [13]: c=[1,2,3]
d=[110,170,320]
plt.step(c,d)
plt.show()
```

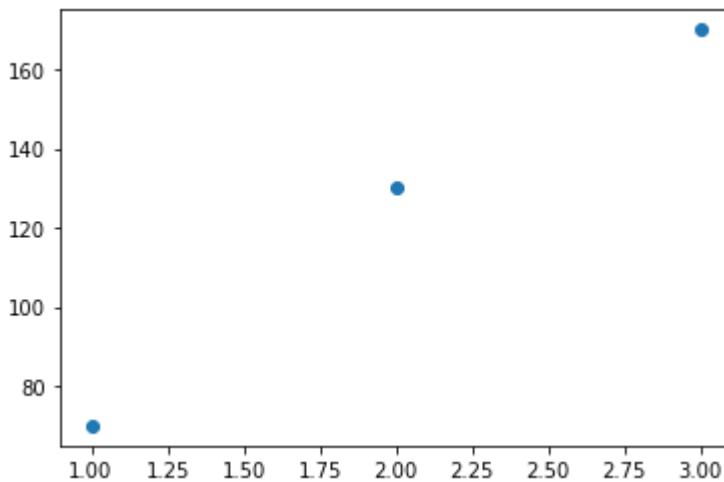
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```
In [ ]: # hence we got second set of parameters successfully plotted on machine for data visuali
```

```
In [12]: e=[1,2,3]
f=[70,130,170]
plt.scatter(e,f)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: #hence we have got third parameter successfully plotted on machine for data visualisati
```

```
In [ ]: # arrange set of parameters on Matrix for machine predictions
```

```
In [14]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [17]: arr1=np.array(([80,150,340],[110,170,320],[70,130,170]))
```

```
In [18]: arr1
```

```
Out[18]: array([[ 80, 150, 340],
 [110, 170, 320],
 [ 70, 130, 170]])
```

```
In [ ]: # now apply machine prediction formula= Data Matrix * Parameters
```

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```
In [19]: x*arr1
```

```
Out[19]: array([[80*x, 150*x, 340*x],  
                 [110*x, 170*x, 320*x],  
                 [70*x, 130*x, 170*x]], dtype=object)
```

Loading [MathJax]/extensions/Safe.js

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```
In [ ]: # Let us consider engine firing order be = 1342, before plug in the equation to machine first arrange data Matrix and parameters.
```

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [2]: arr1=np.array(([1,1],[1,3],[1,4],[1,2]))
```

```
In [3]: arr1
```

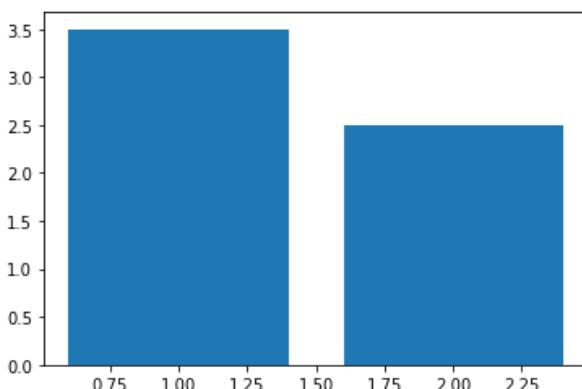
```
Out[3]: array([[1, 1],  
               [1, 3],  
               [1, 4],  
               [1, 2]])
```

```
In [ ]: # as above we have arranged data matrix, now calculate atleast 3 parameters for machine learning, h=[h1+h2+h3.....nth]
```

```
In [ ]: # first calculate h1, plot the graph
```

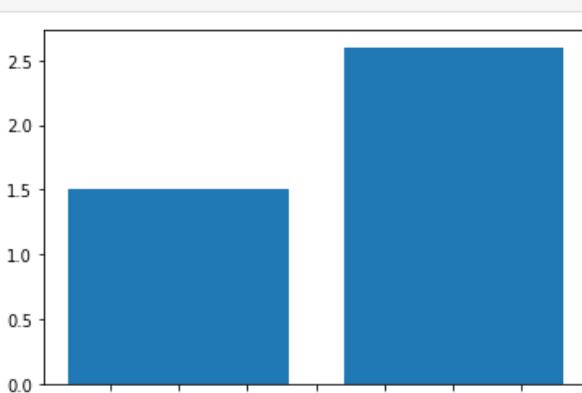
```
In [4]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [6]: a=[1,2]  
b=[3.5,2.5]  
plt.bar(a,b)  
plt.show()
```



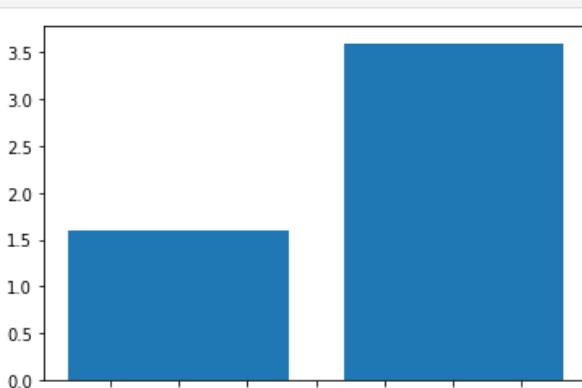
```
In [ ]: # hence, we got firstst parameters (b=3.5,2.5) plotted on the graph for machine data visualisation, now plot second parameter.
```

```
In [9]: c=[1,2]  
d=[1.5,2.6]  
plt.bar(c,d)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we have plotted second parameter d=1.2,2.6 on graph for machine learning, now consider third parameter
```

```
In [10]: e=[1,2]  
f=[1.6,3.6]  
plt.bar(e,f)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we have got third parameter f=[1.6,3.6] plotted on graph for data visualisation, now arrange all the 3 parameters on matrix
```

```
In [11]: arr2=np.array(([3.5,2.5],[1.6,2.6],[1.6,3.6]))
```

```
In [12]: arr2
```

```
Out[12]: array([[3.5, 2.5],  
               [1.6, 2.6],  
               [1.6, 3.6]])
```

```
In [ ]: # now apply machine prediction formula = data Matrix * all three hypothesis(paramters) and the equation would be plug in to machine
```

```
In [13]: arr1*arr2
```

```
-----  
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
Input In [13], in <cell line: 1>()  
----> 1 arr1*arr2  
  
ValueError: operands could not be broadcast together with shapes (4,2) (3,2)
```

```
In [ ]: # dimension 4,2 & 3,2 hence we need to correct equal dimesions matrix so now consider 4th parameter,
```

```
In [14]: g=[1,2]  
h=[3.1,2.1]  
plt.bar(g,h)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we got forth parameter g=3.1,2.1, now arrange matrix once again
```

```
In [15]: arr2=np.array(([3.5,2.6],[1.6,2.6],[1.6,3.6],[3.1,2.1]))
```

```
In [16]: arr2
```

```
Out[16]: array([[3.5, 2.6],  
               [1.6, 2.6],  
               [1.6, 3.6],  
               [3.1, 2.1]])
```

```
In [ ]: # now finally apply machine prediction formula=data Matrix * paramters
```

```
In [ ]:
```

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```
In [17]: arr1*arr2
Out[17]: array([[ 3.5,  2.6],
   [ 1.6,  7.8],
   [ 1.6, 14.4],
   [ 3.1,  4.2]])
```

```
In [ ]:
```

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```
In [ ]: # Let us consider rate of change in position of flywheel with respect to seconds of time (t) be = pow(x,n) (as the rate of change in position is nth times)
```

```
In [1]: import sympy as smp  
from sympy import *
```

```
In [5]: x,n = smp.symbols('x n')
```

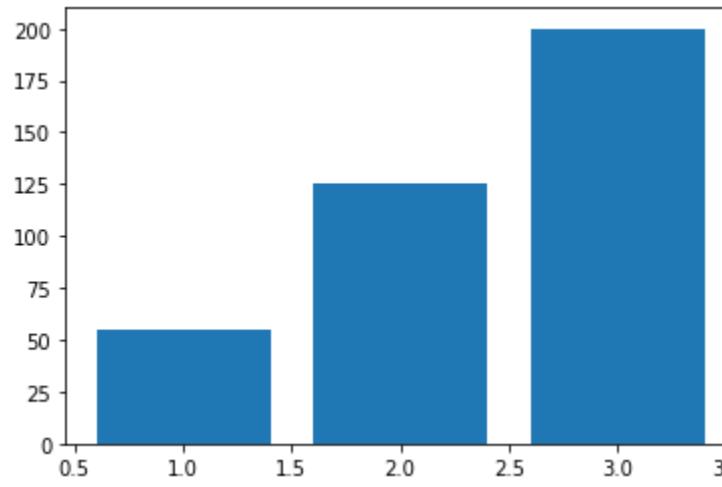
```
In [9]: smp.diff(pow(x, 3)),x
```

```
Out[9]: (3*x**2, x)
```

```
In [ ]: # Now lets consider atleast 3 hypothesis for machine learning, h=[h1+h2+h3.....nth], now plot the graph,
```

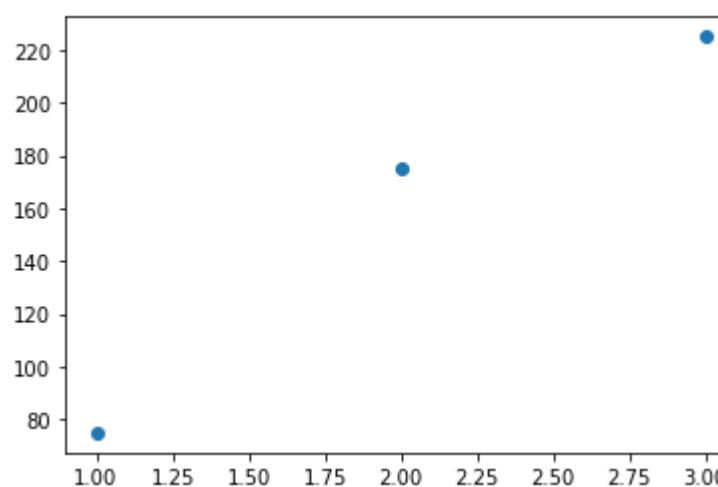
```
In [10]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [11]: a=[1,2,3]  
b=[55,125,200]  
plt.bar(a,b)  
plt.show()
```



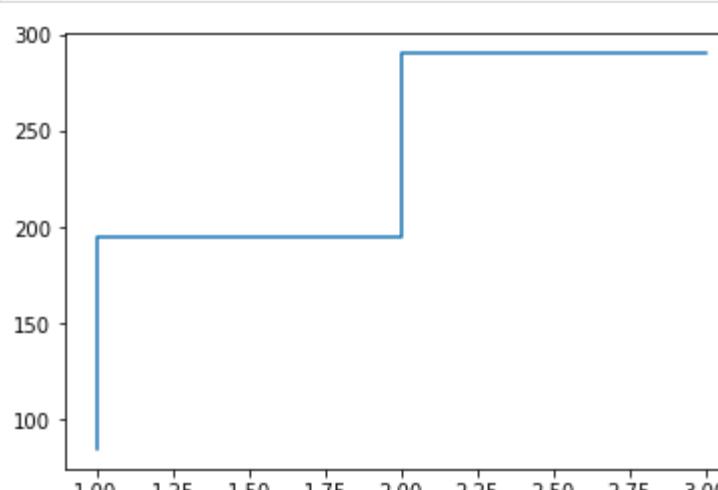
```
In [ ]: # hence we have successfully plotted first parameter on machine for data visualisation, now consider second parameter,
```

```
In [12]: c=[1,2,3]  
d=[75,175,225]  
plt.scatter(c,d)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we have successfully plotted second parameter on machine for data visualisation, now let us consider third parameter.
```

```
In [13]: e=[1,2,3]  
f=[85,195,290]  
plt.step(e,f)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we have successfully plotted third parameter on machine for data visualisation, now Dendrite funciton= Data Matrix * Parameters
```

```
In [ ]: # arrange all set of parameters on Matrix
```

```
In [14]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [15]: arr1=np.array(([55,125,200],[75,175,225],[85,195,290]))
```

```
In [16]: arr1
```

```
Out[16]: array([[ 55, 125, 200],  
 [ 75, 175, 225],  
 [ 85, 195, 290]])
```

```
In [ ]: # now data matrix * parameters
```

```
In [17]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```

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```
smp.diff(pow(x, 3)), x*arr1
```

```
(3*x**2
,
a
x
r
a
y
(
[
5
5
*
x
x
,
1
2
5
*
x
x
,
2
0
0
*
x
x
]
,
[
7
5
*
x
x
,
1
7
5
*
x
x
,
2
2
5
*
x
x
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8
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2
9
0
*
x
x
]
,
d
t
y
p
e
=
o
b
j
e
c
t
)
```

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"Forward and Backward Scheme"

Lets us consider we have Forward speed module -1,2,3,4,5 and backward module-6, now consider them as vectors and arrange on matrix

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In []:

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [2]: arr1=np.array(([1,1],[1,2],[1,3],[1,4],[1,5]))
```

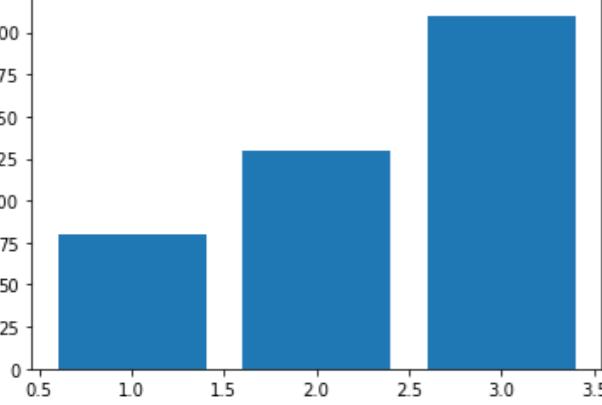
```
In [3]: arr1
```

```
Out[3]: array([[1, 1],  
[1, 2],  
[1, 3],  
[1, 4],  
[1, 5]])
```

```
In [ ]: # now we need to calculate 5 parameters here because in arr1 is 5dimensions,
```

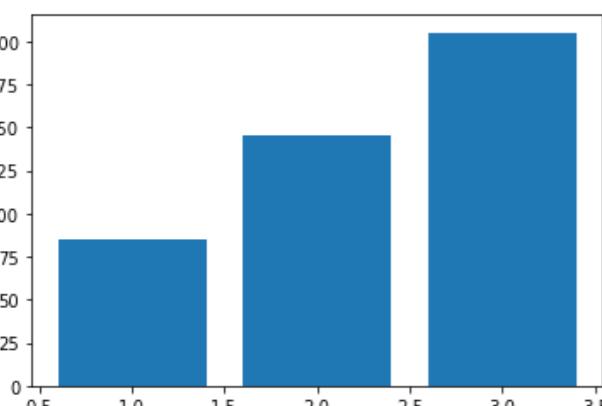
```
In [4]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [5]: a=[1,2,3]  
b=[80,130,210]  
plt.bar(a,b)  
plt.show()
```



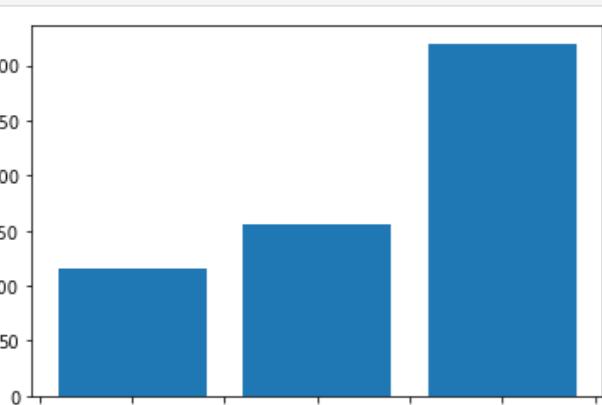
```
In [ ]: # hence we have plotted first parameter b=[80,130,210] on graph for data visualisation, now consider second parameter,
```

```
In [6]: c=[1,2,3]  
d=[85,145,205]  
plt.bar(c,d)  
plt.show()
```



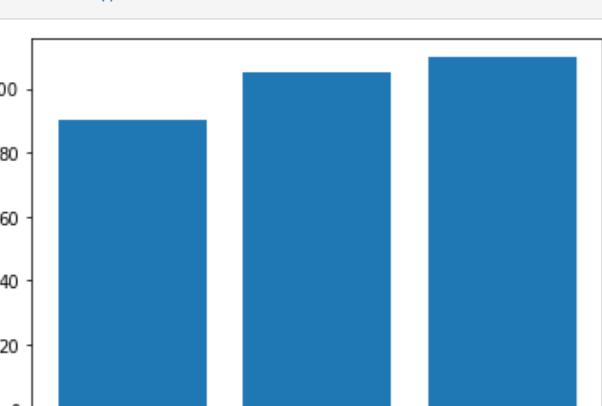
```
In [ ]: # hence we have plotted second parameter d=[85,145,205] on graph for data visualisation to machine now consider third parameter
```

```
In [7]: e=[1,2,3]  
f=[115,155,320]  
plt.bar(e,f)  
plt.show()
```



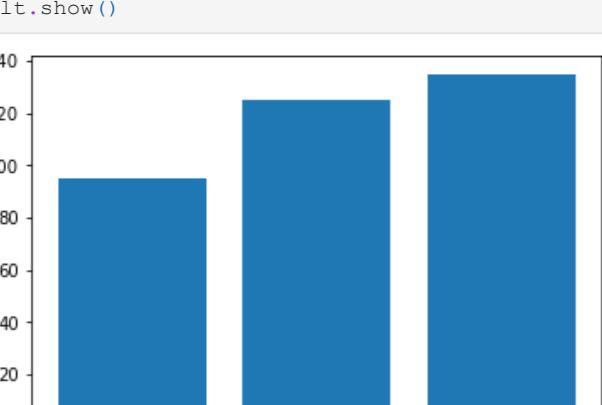
```
In [ ]: # hence we have plotted 3rd parameter f=[115,155,320] on graph for data visualisation, now consider 4th parameter
```

```
In [8]: g=[1,2,3]  
h=[90,105,110]  
plt.bar(g,h)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we have calculated forth parameter, now consider 5th parameter
```

```
In [9]: i=[1,2,3]  
j=[95,125,135]  
plt.bar(i,j)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we calculated 5 parameters, now apply machine prediction formula - data matrix * parameters, (before arrange all parameters on matrix)
```

```
In [10]: arr2=np.array(([80,130,210],[85,145,205],[115,155,320],[90,105,110],[95,125,135]))
```

```
In [11]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```

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```
arr2
```

```
a  
r  
r  
a  
y  
[  
[
```

```
8  
0  
,
```

```
1  
3  
0  
,
```

```
2  
1  
0  
,
```

```
[  
8  
5  
,
```

```
1  
4  
5  
,
```

```
2  
0  
5  
,
```

```
[  
1  
1  
5  
,
```

```
1  
5  
5  
,
```

```
3  
2  
0  
,
```

```
[  
9  
0  
,
```

```
1  
0  
5  
,
```

```
1  
1  
0  
,
```

```
[  
9  
5  
,
```

```
1  
2  
5  
,
```

```
1  
3  
5  
,
```

```
)
```

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```
In [25]: Sensor = {"True":1,"False":0}

If [Sensor==True]:
    print("Jam Alert")
Else:
    print("Jam clear")
```

```
Input In [25]
If [Sensor==True]:
^
In [ ]: SyntaxError: invalid syntax
```

```
           Sensor = {"True":1,"False":0}

           If [Sensor==True]:
               print("Jam Alert")
           Else:
               print("Jam clear")
```

```
           SyntaxError: invalid syntax
```

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In []:

In []:

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```
In [2]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

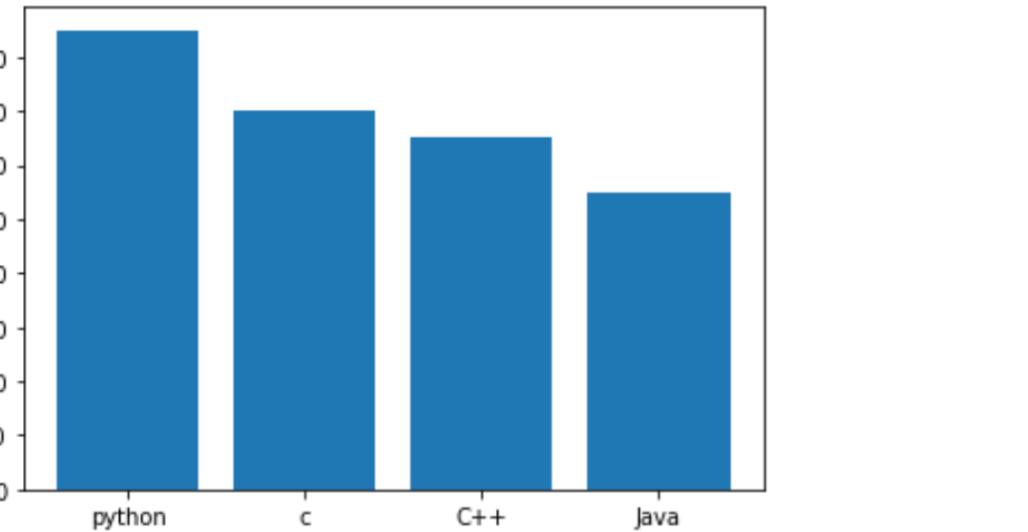
```
In [3]: x=["python", "c", "C++", "Java"]
y=[85, 70, 65, 55]
plt.bar(x,y)
plt.show()
```

```
In [ ]:
```

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In []:

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```
In [1]: # Let us consider rate of change in position of Reverse gear with respect to time(t) be = pow(x,1/2)
```

```
In [1]: import sympy as smp  
from sympy import *
```

```
In [4]: x,y = smp.symbols('x y')
```

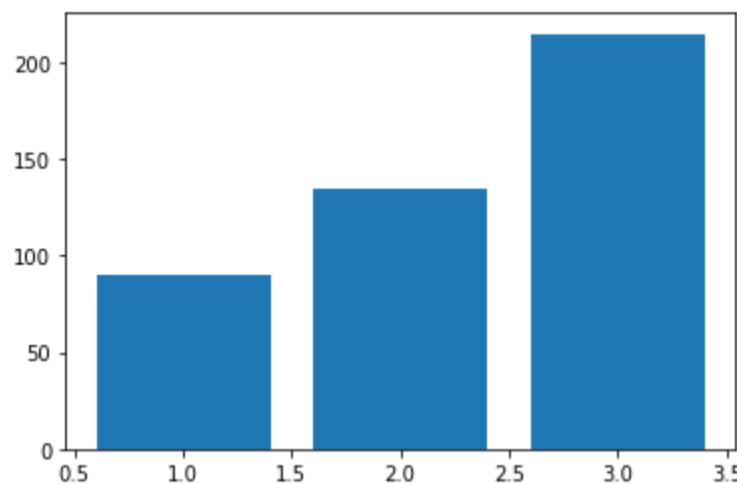
```
In [12]: smp.diff(pow(x,1/2),x)
```

```
Out[12]: (0.5/x**0.5, x)
```

```
In [1]: # now let us calculate atleast 3 parameters for machine learning, h=[h1+h2+h3.....nth] and plot the graph
```

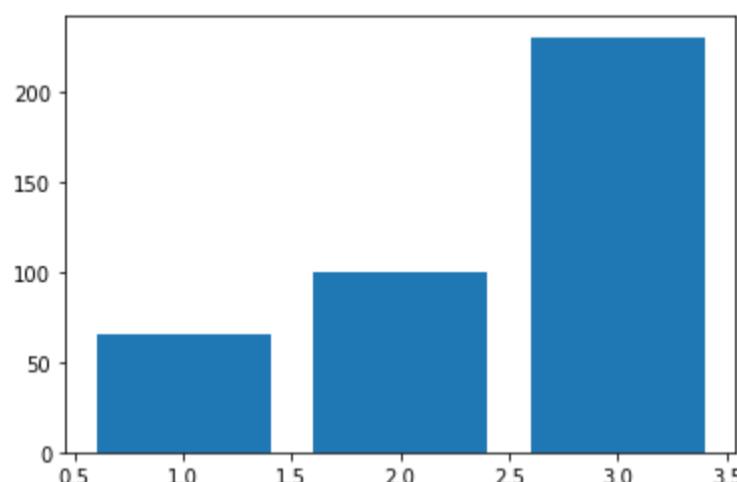
```
In [13]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [14]: a=[1,2,3]  
b=[90,135,215]  
plt.bar(a,b)  
plt.show()
```



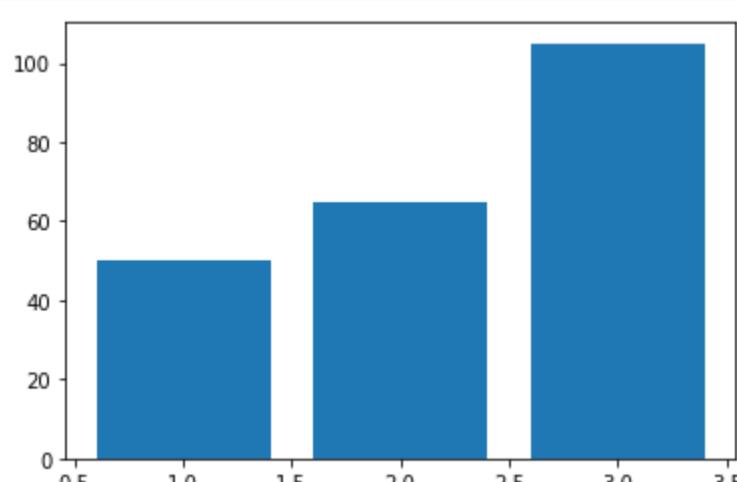
```
In [1]: # hence we have successfully plotted parameters on machine for data visualisation, now plot third parameter on machine
```

```
In [16]: c=[1,2,3]  
d=[65,100,230]  
plt.bar(c,d)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [1]: # hence we have plotted second parameter on machine for data visualisation, now plot third parameter.
```

```
In [17]: e=[1,2,3]  
f=[50,65,105]  
plt.bar(e,f)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [1]: # hence we have plotted third parameter on machine now plug in machine function for prediction= Data Matrix * parameters
```

```
In [1]: # arrange all parameters on Matrix
```

```
In [18]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [19]: arr1=np.array(([90,135,215],[55,100,230],[50,65,105]))
```

```
In [20]: arr1
```

```
Out[20]: array([[ 90, 135, 215],  
 [ 55, 100, 230],  
 [ 50,  65, 105]])
```

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```
In [ ]: # Data Matrix * Parameters Matrix
```

```
In [ ]: smp.diff(pow(x,1/2))
```

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"Forward and Backward Scheme"

Lets us consider we have Forward speed module -1,2,3,4,5 and backward module-6, now consider them as vectors and arrange on matrix

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In []:

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [2]: arr1=np.array(([1,1],[1,2],[1,3],[1,4],[1,5]))
```

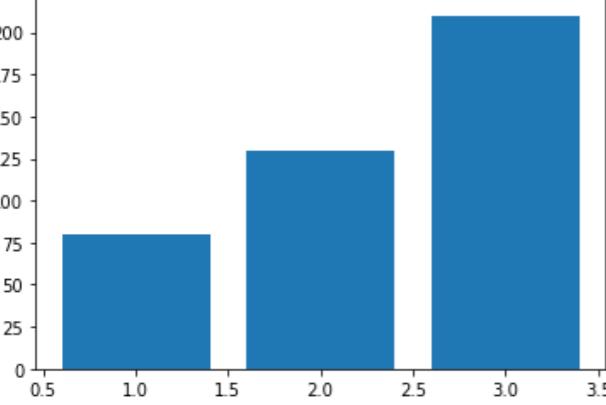
```
In [3]: arr1
```

```
Out[3]: array([[1, 1],  
[1, 2],  
[1, 3],  
[1, 4],  
[1, 5]])
```

```
In [ ]: # now we need to calculate 5 parameters here because in arr1 is 5dimensions,
```

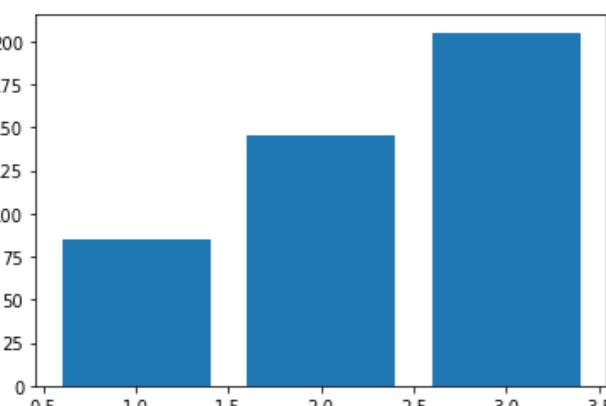
```
In [4]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [5]: a=[1,2,3]  
b=[80,130,210]  
plt.bar(a,b)  
plt.show()
```



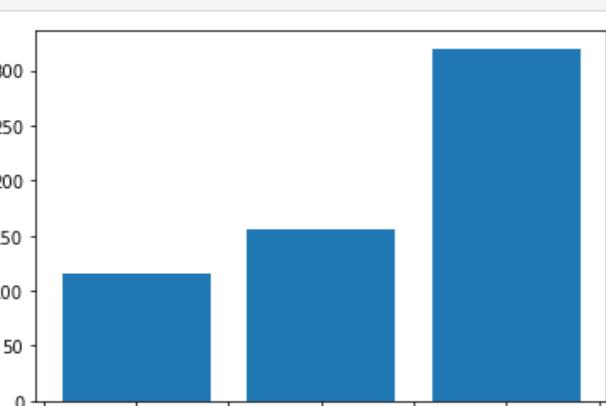
```
In [ ]: # hence we have plotted first parameter b=[80,130,210] on graph for data visualisation, now consider second parameter,
```

```
In [6]: c=[1,2,3]  
d=[85,145,205]  
plt.bar(c,d)  
plt.show()
```



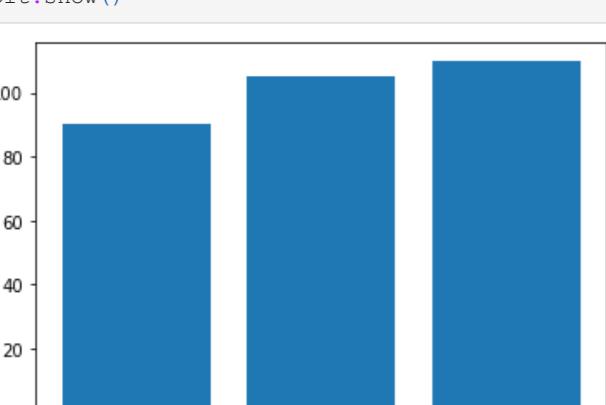
```
In [ ]: # hence we have plotted second parameter d=[85,145,205] on graph for data visualisation to machine now consider third parameter
```

```
In [7]: e=[1,2,3]  
f=[115,155,320]  
plt.bar(e,f)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we have plotted 3rd parameter f=[115,155,320] on graph for data visualisation, now consider 4th parameter
```

```
In [8]: g=[1,2,3]  
h=[90,105,110]  
plt.bar(g,h)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we have calculated forth parameter, now consider 5th parameter
```

```
In [9]: i=[1,2,3]  
j=[95,125,135]  
plt.bar(i,j)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we calculated 5 parameters, now apply machine prediction formula - data matrix * parameters, (before arrange all parameters on matrix)
```

```
In [10]: arr2=np.array(([80,130,210],[85,145,205],[115,155,320],[90,105,110],[95,125,135]))
```

```
In [11]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```

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```
arr2
```

```
a  
r  
r  
a  
y  
[  
[
```

```
8  
0  
,
```

```
1  
3  
0  
,
```

```
2  
1  
0  
,
```

```
[  
8  
5  
,
```

```
1  
4  
5  
,
```

```
2  
0  
5  
,
```

```
[  
1  
1  
5  
,
```

```
1  
5  
5  
,
```

```
3  
2  
0  
,
```

```
[  
9  
0  
,
```

```
1  
0  
5  
,
```

```
1  
1  
0  
,
```

```
[  
9  
5  
,
```

```
1  
2  
5  
,
```

```
1  
3  
5  
,
```

```
)
```

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```
In [1]: # Let us consider engine firing order be = 1342, before plug in the equation to machine first arrange data Matrix and parameters.

In [1]: import numpy as np

In [2]: arr1=np.array(([1,1],[1,3],[1,4],[1,2]))

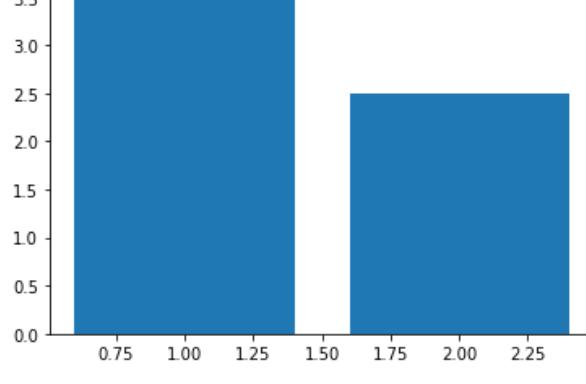
In [3]: arr1
Out[3]: array([[1, 1],
   [1, 3],
   [1, 4],
   [1, 2]])

In [ ]: # as above we have arranged data matrix, now calculate atleast 3 parameters for machine learning, h=[h1+h2+h3.....nth]

In [ ]: # first calculate h1, plot the graph

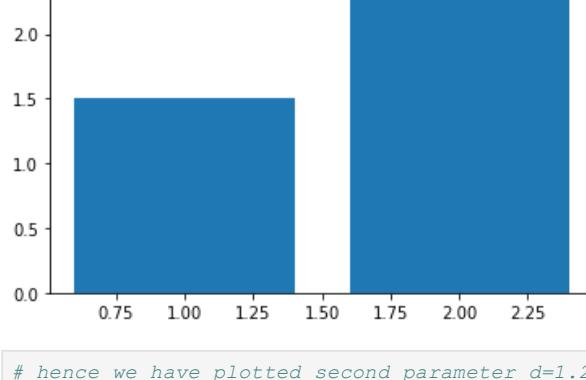
In [4]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

In [6]: a=[1,2]
b=[3.5,2.5]
plt.bar(a,b)
plt.show()
```



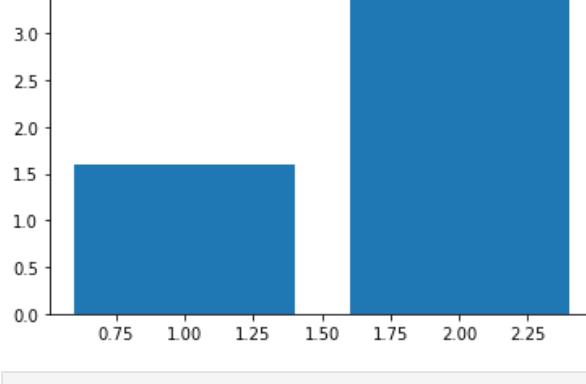
```
In [ ]: # hence, we got firstst parameters (b=3.5,2.5) plotted on the graph for machine data visualisation, now plot second parameter.

In [9]: c=[1,2]
d=[1.5,2.6]
plt.bar(c,d)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we have plotted second parameter d=1.2,2.6 on graph for machine learning, now consider third parameter

In [10]: e=[1,2]
f=[1.6,3.6]
plt.bar(e,f)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we have got third parameter f=[1.6,3.6] plotted on graph for data visualisation, now arrange all the 3 parameters on matrix
```

```
In [11]: arr2=np.array(([3.5,2.5],[1.6,2.6],[1.6,3.6]))

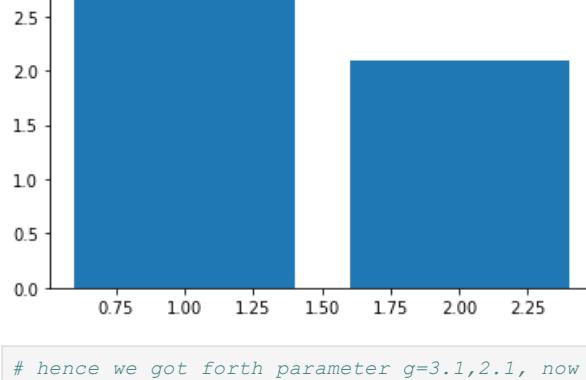
In [12]: arr2
Out[12]: array([[3.5, 2.5],
   [1.6, 2.6],
   [1.6, 3.6]])

In [ ]: # now apply machine prediction formula = data Matrix * all three hypothesis(paramters) and the equation would be plug in to machine

In [13]: arr1*arr2
-----  
ValueError                                 Traceback (most recent call last)  
Input In [13], in <cell line: 1>()  
----> 1 arr1*arr2  
  
ValueError: operands could not be broadcast together with shapes (4,2) (3,2)
```

```
In [ ]: # dimension 4,2 & 3,2 hence we need to correct equal dimesions matrix so now consider 4th parameter,
```

```
In [14]: g=[1,2]
h=[3.1,2.1]
plt.bar(g,h)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we got forth parameter g=3.1,2.1, now arrange matrix once again
```

```
In [15]: arr2=np.array(([3.5,2.6],[1.6,2.6],[1.6,3.6],[3.1,2.1]))

In [16]: arr2
Out[16]: array([[3.5, 2.6],
   [1.6, 2.6],
   [1.6, 3.6],
   [3.1, 2.1]])

In [ ]: # now finally apply machine prediction formula=data Matrix * paramters
```

```
In [ ]:
```

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```
In [17]: arr1*arr2
```

```
Out[17]: array([[ 3.5,  2.6],  
   [ 1.6,  7.8],  
   [ 1.6, 14.4],  
   [ 3.1,  4.2]])
```

```
In [ ]:
```

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```
In [ ]: # Let us consider rate of change in position of flywheel with respect to seconds of time (t) be = pow(x,n) (as the rate of change in position is nth times)
```

```
In [1]: import sympy as smp
from sympy import *
```

```
In [5]: x,n = smp.symbols('x n')
```

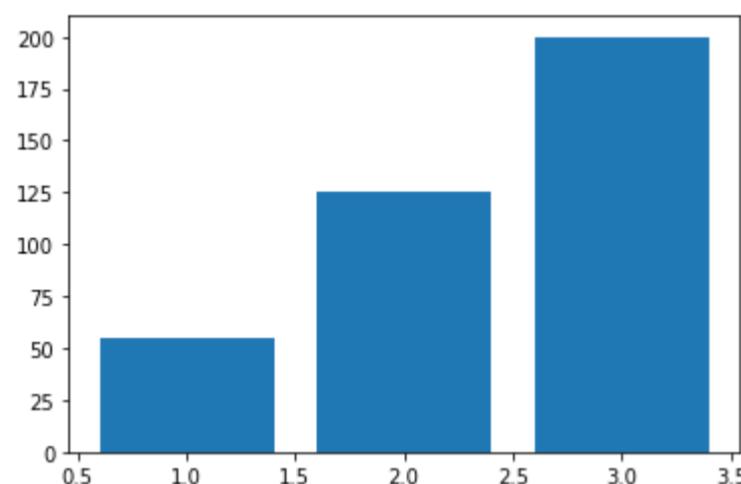
```
In [9]: smp.diff(pow(x, 3)),x
```

```
Out[9]: (3*x**2, x)
```

```
In [ ]: # Now lets consider atleast 3 hypothesis for machine learning, h=[h1+h2+h3.....nth], now plot the graph,
```

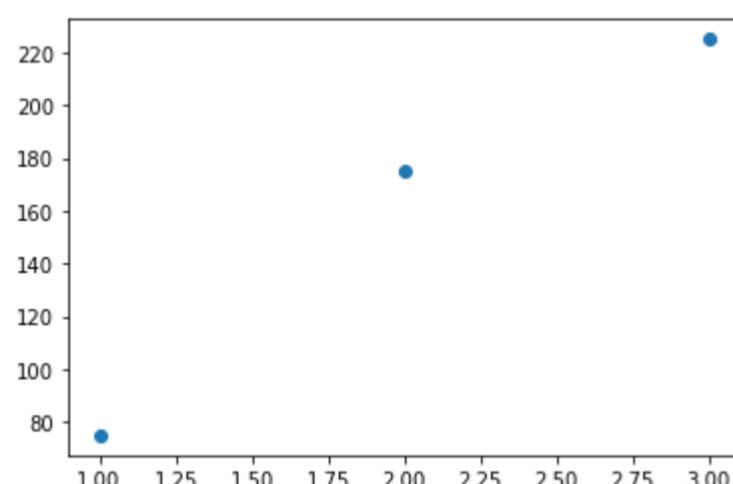
```
In [10]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [11]: a=[1,2,3]
b=[55,125,200]
plt.bar(a,b)
plt.show()
```



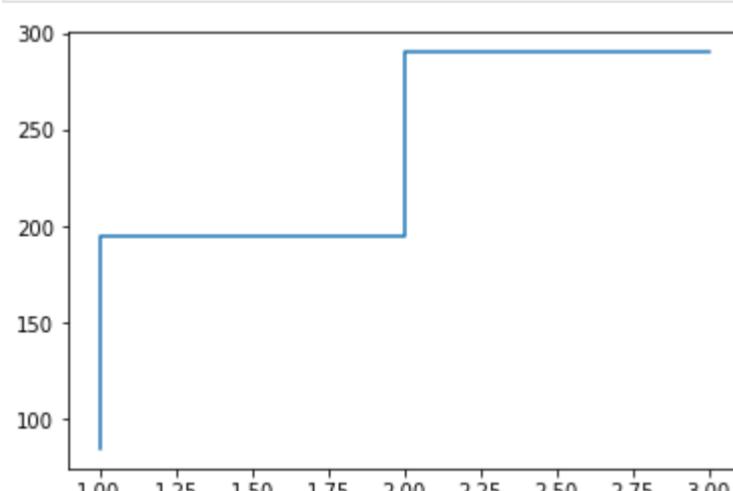
```
In [ ]: # hence we have successfully plotted first parameter on machine for data visualisation, now consider second parameter,
```

```
In [12]: c=[1,2,3]
d=[75,175,225]
plt.scatter(c,d)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we have successfully plotted second parameter on machine for data visualisation, now let us consider third parameter.
```

```
In [13]: e=[1,2,3]
f=[85,195,290]
plt.step(e,f)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # hence we have successfully plotted third parameter on machine for data visualisation, now Dendrite funciton= Data Matrix * Parameters
```

```
In [ ]: # arrange all set of parameters on Matrix
```

```
In [14]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [15]: arr1=np.array(([55,125,200],[75,175,225],[85,195,290]))
```

```
In [16]: arr1
```

```
Out[16]: array([[ 55, 125, 200],
 [ 75, 175, 225],
 [ 85, 195, 290]])
```

```
In [ ]: # now data matrix * parameters
```

```
In [ ]:
```

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```
In [17]: smp.diff(pow(x, 3)), x*arr1
```

```
Out[17]: (3*x**2,
 array([[55*x, 125*x, 200*x],
 [75*x, 175*x, 225*x],
 [85*x, 195*x, 290*x]], dtype=object))
```

```
In [ ]:
```